

## TANK INTERFACE DETECTION THE KAM® OWD™ SENSOR

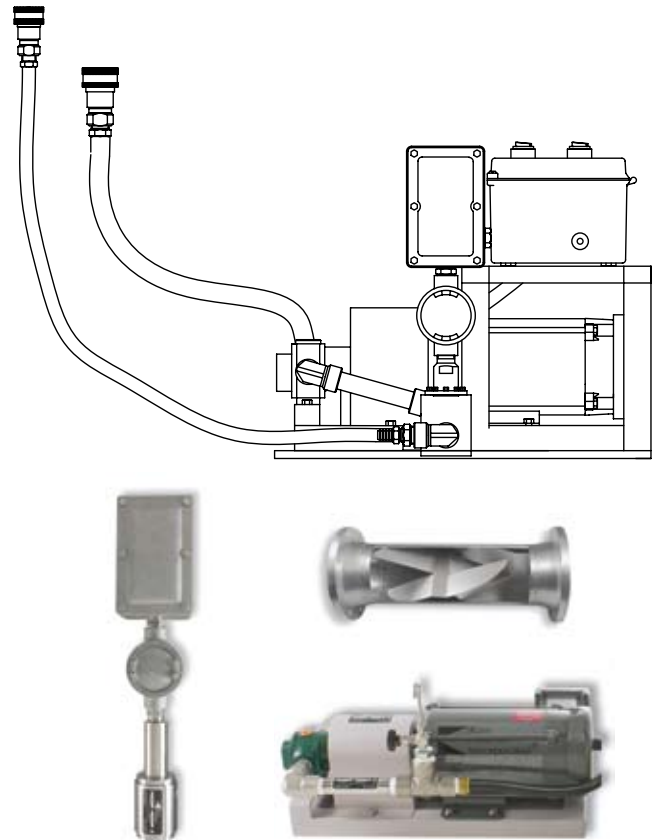
**PROBLEM:** Current interface detection is completed manually with sampling from up to 30 draw-off valves followed by lab testing. The current method is extremely costly in terms of time (productivity loss), man hours, and lab work.

**SOLUTION:** By installing a series of MOV's on the sample lines prior to the manifold and a KAM® OWD® skid after the manifold, operators are able to automate the entire process. Water concentrations are measured from each sample line sequentially, providing a complete picture of the vertical distribution of fluids in the tank. Data is provided to a PLC or MODBUS interface. Accumulated data can be used to optimize storage and create an industry best practice.

### AUTOMATION AND OPTIMIZATION

- Real-time monitoring of tank oil layer, emulsion layer, and water layer levels
- Eliminates need for manual sampling and associated costs and safety concerns
- Eliminates costs and time associated with lab testing
- Reduced tank corrosion
- Increased productivity
- Maximum chemical efficiency
- Maximize heat/energy efficiency
- No costly shutdowns

### FLEXIBILITY AND EASE OF INSTALLATION



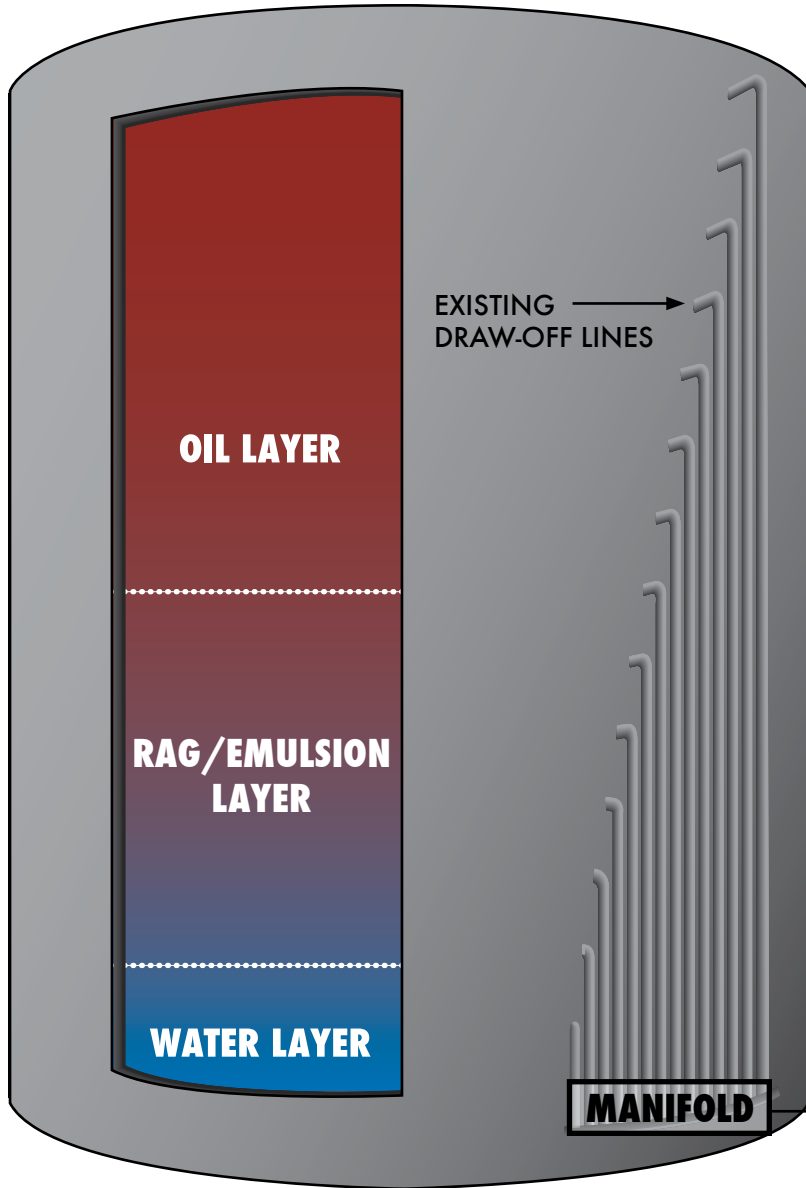
### KAM® PORTABLE OWD® SKID

**KAM® OWD™** OIL WATER DETECTOR FLOW THROUGH, and integrated **KAM® SMS®** STATIC MIXING SPOOL, and **KAM® CSM™** CIRCULATING SAMPLE MIXER

- Connects to pipeline via quick connects installed on full-opening ball valves
- Outputs include: selectable 4–20 mA with adjustable range or 0–5 VDC, RS232 Communication interface for calibration, Modbus interface, connection to a PLC

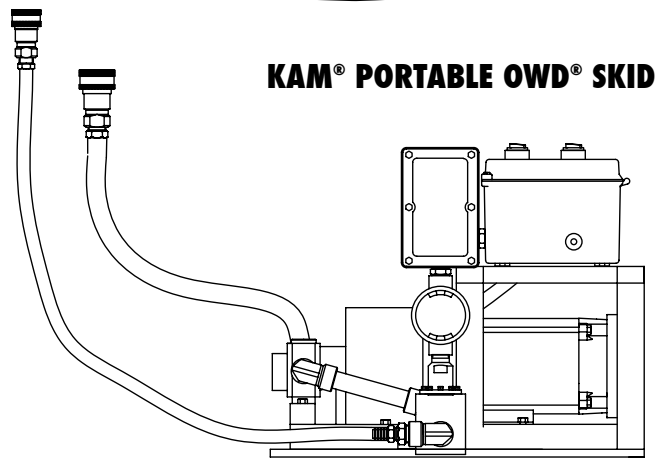
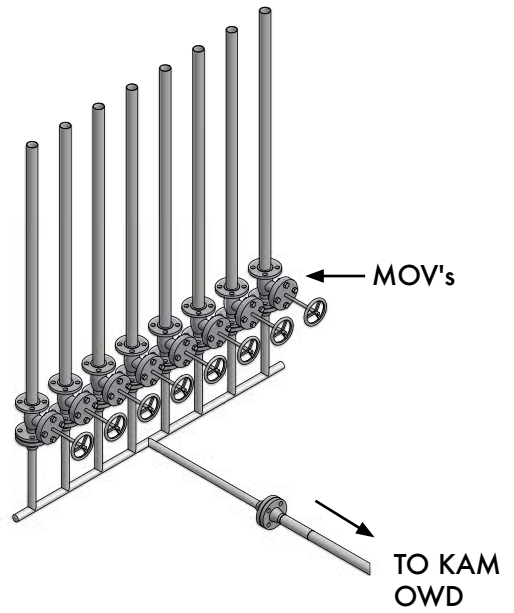
# TANK INTERFACE DETECTION

## THE KAM® OWD™ SENSOR



Existing draw-off lines descend in an even, vertical distribution to a common manifold. MOV's (Motor Operated Valves) are placed on the draw-off lines prior to the manifold.

The MOV's automatically open and close sequentially, creating a series of representative samples from the tank.



A KAM OWD skid is placed downstream of the manifold. OWD measurement is timed with the MOV's and measures the oil/water concentration of each sample separately. Data from the OWD is then sent to a PLC where it is used to create an accurate, real-time representation of the vertical distribution of oil, emulsion and water. Samples are recirculated to the tank inlet.

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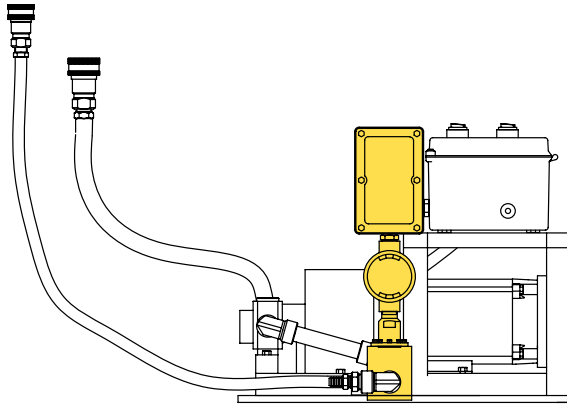
## THE KAM® OWD™ SENSOR



### SYSTEM ELEMENTS

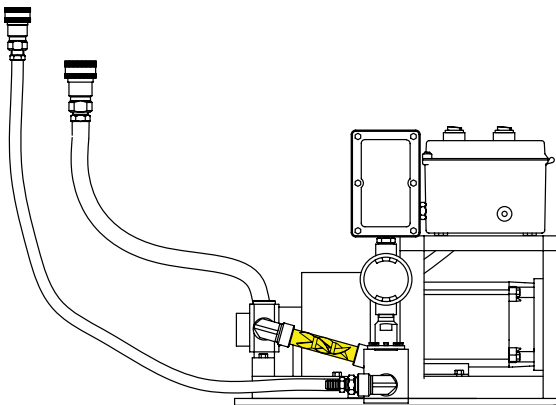
#### KAM® OWD® OIL WATER DETECTOR

Integrated FT Flow Through Model



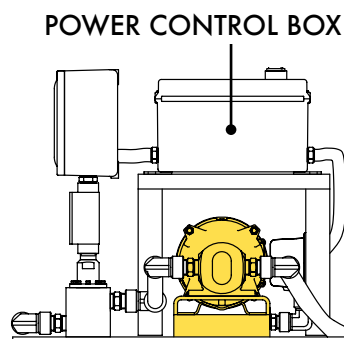
- Automatically corrects for effects of density, sulphur, and salinity
- Automatically detects transitions between oil continuous and water continuous modes and monitors both modes simultaneously
- 1% of full scale accuracy
- No salinity offset required

#### KAM® SMS™ STATIC MIXING SPOOL



- Creates homogenous mixture for accurate oil/water measurement
- High efficiency enables shorter spool with low pressure drop
- Creates uniform density and temperature
- No moving parts or outside energy source required

#### KAM® CSM™ CIRCULATING SAMPLE MIXER



#### SYSTEM CONNECTIONS

